

Chad
Flash update # 11
29 June 2023



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HUMANITARIAN OVERVIEW

- As of 27 June, according to UNHCR, there are 190,000 estimated new arrivals and 159,060 counted new arrivals from Sudan in 31 host villages. An estimated 66% of the refugees are children, including 395 children at risk and 301 separated or unaccompanied children.
- On 26 June, the IOM displacement tracking matrix (DTM) registered 27,056 returnees and reported 68 third-country nationals (from South Sudan, Niger, Ethiopia, the Central African Republic, Burkina Faso, Norway, Uganda and Nigeria) in 26 localities. Children represent 70% of registered returnees.

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

- On 24 June, the Prime Minister convened a meeting with Embassies and Heads of international organizations represented in N'Djamena. He urged the international community to increase their support to this unprecedented crisis which is already complicated by the rainy season. He also stressed the impact on local/host communities.
- With the support of France, several trucks are transporting refugees from the Borota site to Arkoum camp.
- To reflect the increase of Sudanese refugees, on 17 June UNHCR revised the Regional Refugee Response Plan. Of the \$566 million required to cover the needs in Sudan and the neighboring countries for six months, the Chad response plan accounts for \$226 million for 310,000 refugees and returnees.
- As of 27 June, 36,563 refugees have been registered in Adré. A transit site has been opened in Ambelia, 9km from Adré, to relocate the refugees, with a capacity of 2,120.
- The 2023 Chad Humanitarian Response Plan launched in April 2023 is currently under revision to include the needs of the Sudanese refugees.

UNICEF's RESPONSE



10,247 people have access to safe drinking water, through 6 boreholes (1 at Koufroun connected to a bladder and 5 boreholes equipped with handpumps at Midjeguelta, Dizé Berté, Borota and Gongour). Through partnership between UNICEF and WLF and PUI about 1,600 people have access to 32 blocks of latrines in Adre, Koufroune, Midjiguelta and Dize-Berte. 20,512 people reached through hygiene awareness raising and 6,000 people received WASH kits.



Since the beginning of the crisis UNICEF provided psychosocial support to 9,849 children including separated or unaccompanied children in Ouaddai. Three CFS have been set up; one in Adre on the new transit site, one in Farchana camp and one in the Arkoum camp. UNICEF with its implementing partner reunified 6 unaccompanied children out of 301 separated and unaccompanied children.



194 pregnant women received curative care (malaria) at the DS d'Adré hospital; 94 births received BCG and Polio vaccinations; 102 children were treated for acute respiratory infections and 24 for diarrhea in refugee sites by partner PUI; 25 pregnant women received antenatal care and were tested for HIV in refugee camps.

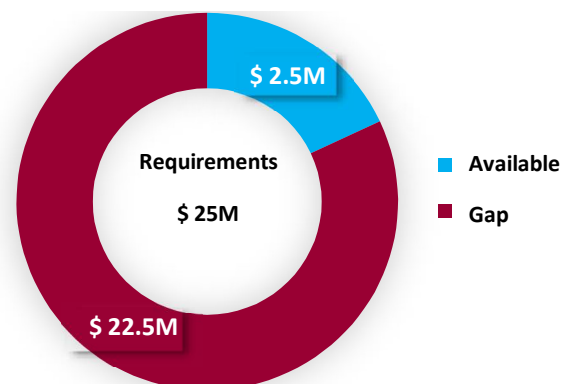


As of June 29, 2023, UNICEF supported the treatment of 728 children suffering from SAM. To respond to the influx new of refugees, 428 additional cartons of RUTF were released to support mobile clinics at Borota site and Adre health center. 31,158 children aged from 6 to 59 months benefited from Vitamin A supplementation.



A total of 56,599 complaints were collected from refugees and host populations in Ouaddai and Sila. 40,432 people were reached with awareness raising sessions on access to basic services and peaceful cohabitation in the provinces of Ouaddai, Sila and Wadi Fira.

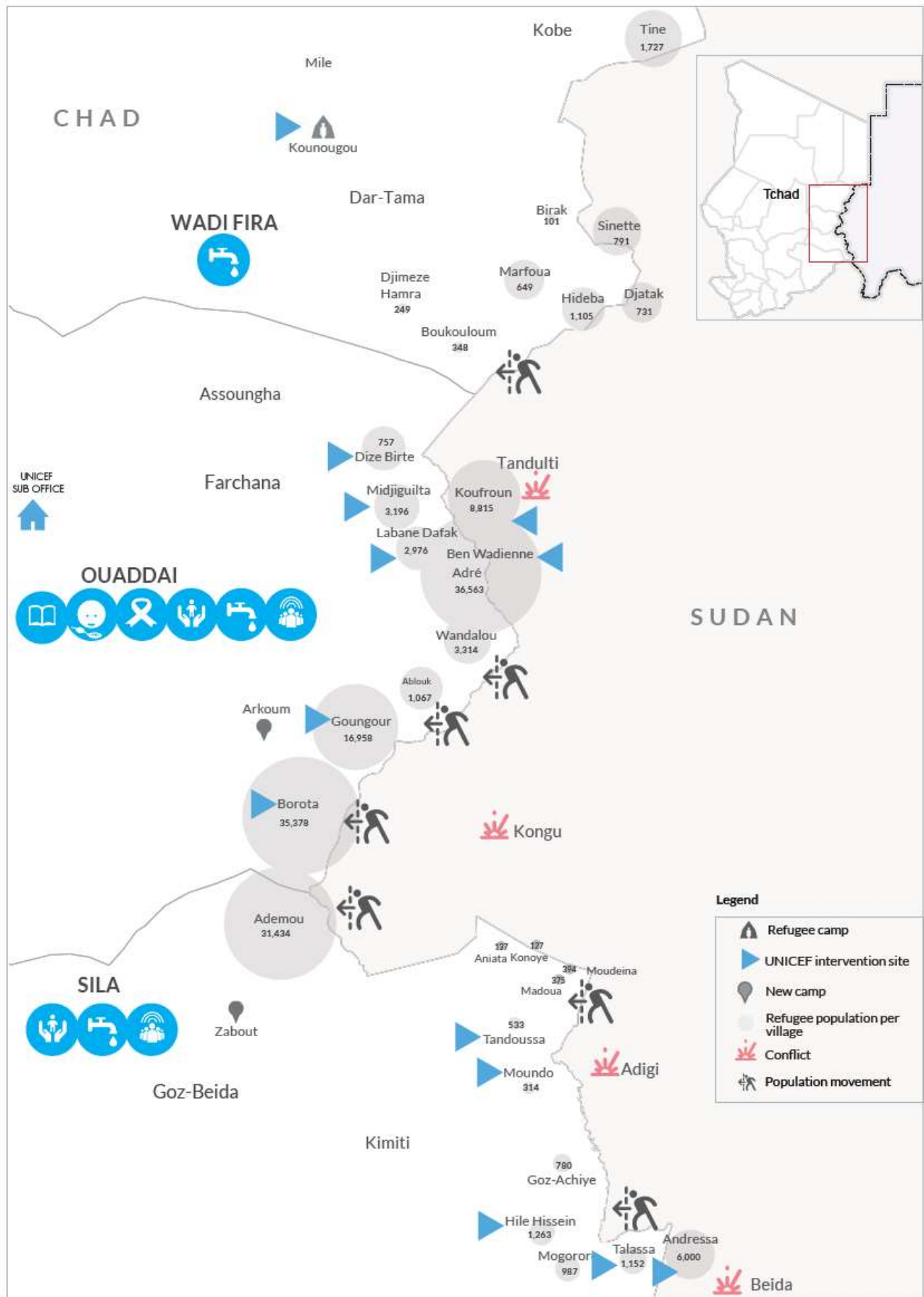
UNICEF FUNDING STATUS (in US \$)



New requirements to reflect the increase of the planning figures.

For more information on the situation please contact:

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Sources: Partners and, UNHCR
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