



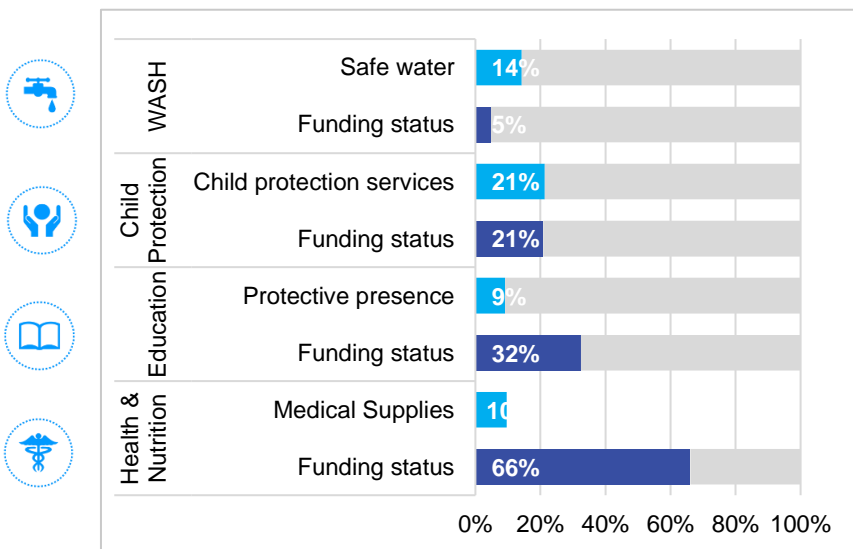
UNICEF-SoP/2019/Noorani

Reporting Period: 01 January to 31 March 2020

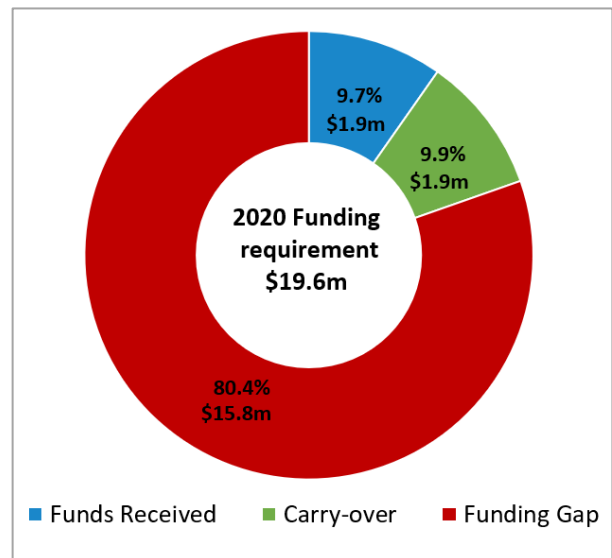
## Highlights

- On 5 March 2020, in response to the COVID-19 outbreak with confirmed cases in Bethlehem, the Palestinian Prime Minister declared a State of Emergency across the State of Palestine (SoP) to contain the spread of COVID-19. As of the 31<sup>st</sup> of March, over 1,700 people (12 children) were placed in quarantine facilities and around 5,900 people in domestic quarantine in the West Bank and Gaza. Over 117 confirmed COVID-19 infections including 12 children, 19 recoveries and one death were reported in the SoP. An emergency inter-agency COVID-19 Response plan for USD 34 million was launched on 27 March 2020 in support to provide multi-sector interventions benefiting the most vulnerable people including women and children.
- In response, UNICEF in coordination with Health Cluster partners procured and facilitated delivery of essential and lifesaving medical equipment, drugs and consumables for 13 health facilities in Gaza to the benefit of 3,000 high-risk women. 1,400 new-borns and young children received quality health care services from the six maternity hospitals, clinics and seven neonatal intensive care units.
- UNICEF and local partners in Gaza reached over 3,700 vulnerable children with child protection services including structured psychosocial support through community level Family Centers.
- 3,226 vulnerable families (23,071 people) in Gaza including 98 families affected by floods during the rainy season accessed additional hygiene materials through UNICEF-funded vouchers.
- UNICEF finalized the offshore procurement of 60,000 protective gowns and 13,000 surgical masks in support of the Ministry of Health (MoH) and WHO as part of key steps to support infection prevention and control measures in response to COVID-19.
- As of 31 March 2020, 80% of humanitarian funding needs remained unmet with only US\$3.8 million available to undertake humanitarian action for both Gaza and the West Bank.

## UNICEF's Response and Funding Status



## UNICEF Appeal 2019 US\$ 20 million



\* This is a summary table of response, with selected indicators only, with funding for the year. For full results see Annex A.

## Funding Overview and Partnerships

In 2020, UNICEF received significant emergency funding from Japan and the UNICEF Global Thematic Humanitarian Fund. The [2020 UNICEF Humanitarian Appeal](#) funding requirement is for US\$ 19.6 million of which US\$ 1.9 million (10 percent) was received to date with an additional 10 percent of the funding having been carried forward from 2019 into 2020.

## Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

The protracted and acute crises continue to generate severe humanitarian needs and protection concerns among the Palestinian populations of the West Bank including East Jerusalem, and Gaza. The deterioration in living conditions in Gaza affects about one million children. The COVID-19 crisis, with cases confirmed in the West Bank as of early March 2020, further exacerbates the existing vulnerabilities and limits children's access to critical services such as basic health care and education, as well as protection.

During the first quarter of 2020, although the Great March of Return weekly protests were suspended for a period of three months the over stretched systems have struggled to meet the needs of injured children and their families. Children in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, have been affected by increases in insecurity, attacks on schools, settler violence, forcible transfer and movement restrictions. Children in contact with security forces, especially boys, continued to face grave protection risks, with potential long-term impacts. Services to address gender-based violence also remain insufficient nationwide in Palestine.

Low intensity hostilities between Israel and Palestinian armed groups in Gaza continued throughout the month of February, without resulting in civilian fatalities. An escalation took place in February 2020 affecting children in Gaza and in Israel. Access restrictions on people and goods between Gaza and Israel tightened intermittently in the context of these hostilities. Imports of goods through Kerem Shalom crossing declined and exit of people via Erez crossing also decreased compared to previous months. Water supply to Rafah area was disrupted, following damage to a water installation during the escalation.

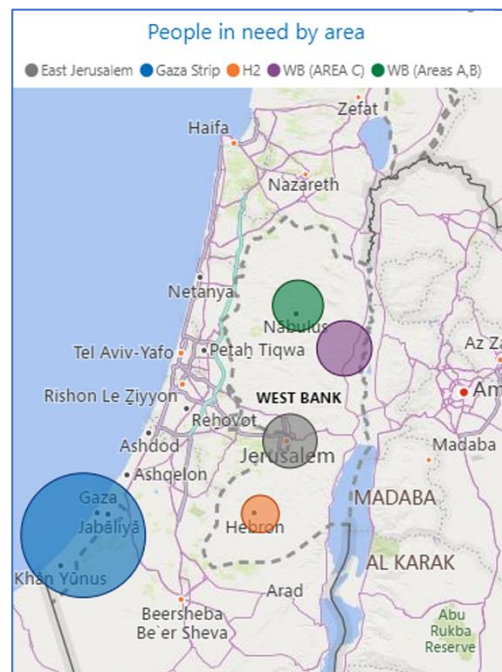


Figure 1: Humanitarian Needs Overview Map - 2020

## COVID-19 Outbreak and Response

On 5 March 2020, in response to the COVID-19 outbreak with confirmed cases in Bethlehem, the Palestinian Prime Minister declared a State of Emergency across the State of Palestine to contain the spread of COVID-19. This followed a World Health Organization (WHO) announcement on 30th of January 2020 of a “public health emergency of international concern”, which was upgraded on the 11th of March 2020 to a “global pandemic.” As of the 31<sup>st</sup> of March, there were 117 confirmed COVID-19 infections including 12 children, and 105 adults, and one death that were reported in the SoP. These confirmed cases include 10 cases in Gaza and 107 in West Bank of which 19 recovered and on death.<sup>1</sup>

The shortage of specialized staff, drugs and equipment, augment the need for a coordinated approach to cope with the expected spread of the pandemic in Gaza and the West Bank. In response, the relevant authorities have increased access restrictions and physical isolation measures across the SoP to contain the spread of the virus. All educational activities have been suspended and public gatherings considerably limited across the West Bank. A Risk Communication and Community Engagement (RCCE) strategy is being implemented under the leadership of UNICEF and WHO, with Government, civil society and private sector partners to ensure effective dissemination of public health awareness messages and to combat misinformation.

The humanitarian country team developed a joint strategy to respond to the public health needs and immediate socio-economic consequences of the pandemic in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, and the Gaza Strip. This strategy supports efforts led by the Palestinian Authority and is closely coordinated with all relevant authorities including Israel which is responsible for facilitating the entry of critical materials and personnel.

<sup>1</sup> The number of confirmed cases (117) do not include cases in East Jerusalem.

## Summary Analysis of Programme Response

### Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

In the Gaza Strip, only 10 percent of the population have direct access to clean and safe drinking water. To respond, UNICEF and partners continued to provide critical support to WASH services including improved access to safe and clean water for around 40,000 people. The interventions include rehabilitation of critical electromechanical and infrastructure, repairs of public sanitation facilities and maintenance works, rehabilitation of water wells and stormwater pumping stations.

During January and February 2020, UNICEF continued to support the monthly distribution of sodium hypochlorite to public water facilities in Gaza to avert waterborne disease outbreaks and improve access to safe and clean water. All residents in Gaza connected to the municipal networks - approximately 1.9 million people - benefit from this. Through the distribution of hygiene vouchers during winter, UNICEF reached 3,226 vulnerable families (23,071 people) in Gaza with hygiene kits and awareness messages; this included 98 flood affected families.

In the West Bank, 14 schools and 12 health clinics from Hebron, Jericho and Nablus Governorates were reached with 650 hygiene kits and awareness sessions. UNICEF in partnership with the Palestinian Water Authority (PWA) and Yatta Municipality supported rehabilitation works to provide a reliable, safe and affordable water supply to around 5,000 people in Talet As-Somoud neighborhood in Yatta City. Yatta is one of the most vulnerable communities in terms of access to safe water in the West Bank. This project also aimed to decrease water losses and protect the water supply system of any potential contamination. This project had to be temporarily put on hold due to COVID-19 containment measures.

As the WASH Cluster Lead Agency in the State of Palestine, UNICEF led the development of the COVID-19 WASH Plan in coordination with the Cluster partners and the PWA. The plan aims to limit the impact of the pandemic through the provision of safe water, sanitation and hygienic conditions for institutions and vulnerable people living in the West Bank and Gaza. The PWA and the main service providers have so far been able to ensure the same levels of access to water supply and sanitation services, reducing the risk of spread of the virus. This situation could change with increased demands for water as temperatures rise. Cluster partners, including UNICEF, have aligned their priorities to ensure: (i) access to WASH services in health care facilities, IPC supplies, cleaning materials and management of waste; (ii) support to vulnerable families and communities with the provision of hygiene and cleaning items aligned with awareness messages; and (iii) support to service providers and municipalities to ensure business-continuity and provision of minimum WASH services.

### Child Protection

From January until April 2020, UNICEF and local partners in Gaza through decentralised community-level family centres reached 3,722 vulnerable children with child protection services. The interventions included providing 3,028 children (50% boys) with structured psychosocial support including individual counselling, group counselling, life skills, child/parent interaction sessions and other psychosocial support group activities; and 694 (42% girls) benefited from individual case management. In addition, 947 children were reached with various non-structured interventions including recreational activities and psychological first aid. Around 906 caregivers attended awareness raising sessions on protection of their children in addition to 2,847 children and their caregivers (38% males) who were reached with explosive Remnants of War (ERW) risk education session

Support to injured children during the GMR and their families has continued. Since the beginning of GMR demonstrations in Gaza, 3,535 injured children were visited and assessed, and referred to services, including 1,171 referred to case management and 2,296 to specialized psychosocial and mental support services (MHPSS). This represents 83 percent reach out of the total number of identified highly vulnerable children. The main child protection concerns identified through the assessments included psychosocial distress (88%), neglect (56%), child labour (14%) and physical violence (11%). Case managers made referrals and followed up to link these children to food and cash assistance, and educational services including remedial classes and vocational training. Access to other services such as psychosocial support services, medical services, assistive devices, speech therapy and physiotherapy was available. Specialized MHPSS was provided to other members of the injured children's families benefitting 648 children and 643 adults. In addition, 124 children received case management support while 3,848 children and caregivers were reached with awareness raising sessions including on COVID-19, protection rights, ERW, and how to access services.

In East Jerusalem, UNICEF through local partners reached 38 children (15 boys and 23 girls) previously arrested and detained, with structured psychosocial group activities. In addition, 88 people (43 fathers and 45 boys) were sensitised on children's legal rights when arrested and detained through awareness raising sessions. In the West Bank, a local partner in Hebron, Bethlehem, Tulkarem and Ramallah governorates reached 185 children (84 boys) and 300 female caregivers with group psychosocial counselling support; 229 children (114 boys) and 21 caregivers (including 8 men) were also reached with structured recreational activities. Many of these children were affected by demolitions, settler related violence, and clashes with Israeli Forces.

As a lead in the Child Protection Area of Responsibility and Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) Working Group, UNICEF coordinated the provision of child protection services in Gaza and the West Bank. These services included life skills education and counselling support services as well as individual case management support services.

COVID-19 has had a significant impact on the provision of child protection services in the State of Palestine. Out of 18 UNICEF-funded partners, 12 organizations have seriously curtailed their activities (especially group activities), five have completely halted activities, while only one organization is fully continuing with activities. Partners will be unable to commence work until safeguarding protocols and hygiene materials are in place, and many households do not allow access to home visits due to heightened fears of contagion. The protection sector has also been severely impacted by COVID-19 movement restrictions and measures including quarantining of people and temporary shutdown of all educational facilities. In many cases, public service providers and organizations have taken steps to prevent and reduce the spread of the virus including scaling down or suspending services and activities which is further challenging the new protection concerns arising from COVID-19. In response to identified COVID-19 protection needs, child protection and MHPSS service providers have initiated alternative activities including free telephone counselling, use of voice and SMS messaging for clients, Facebook pages with specialized doctors for Question and Answer (Q&A), virtual learning, distribution of awareness raising leaflets, live radio Q&A shows and have successfully requested movement authorization for emergency cases.

## Education and Adolescents

Due to the complex and deteriorating humanitarian situation in Palestine, 399,000 (48% girls) school and kindergarten age children and teachers experienced negative impacts on safe access to education. This includes 15,500 children with disabilities in the Gaza Strip. UNICEF procured and prepositioned education supplies including 6,336 school bags with stationery and writing sets, 30,000 stationery sets including notebooks, pencils and pens in addition to other stationery items for students in need. These numbers are likely to increase due to the economic impact of the COVID-19 on families. During the reporting period, UNICEF focused on responding to the educational needs of children during following the sudden closure of schools due to COVID-19 crisis. Distribution of 150 stationery kits is currently in process for school aged children in the quarantine centres in Gaza. Preparatory work for catchup classes is in progress to support 3,000 vulnerable children when schools re-open after the COVID-19 school closures. In response to the COVID 19 crisis, UNICEF has commenced the procurement process for 1,500 school hygiene kits to ensure safety of students and teachers from infection when schools open.

During the first quarter of the year, 658 children (168 girls and 490 boys) and 32 teachers (22 females, 10 male) in the H2 area of Hebron continued to benefit from the protective presence for safe access to schools. UNICEF commissioned an evaluation to assess effectiveness, sustainability, impact, relevance and efficiency of the protective presence intervention in adequately meeting the needs of children and teachers regarding protection from violations on their way to schools or around their schools. Findings emphasized the need for a comprehensive approach to safe access to schools that complements protective presence with other mechanisms such as local solutions by communities, transportation, formal coordination with the Civil Administration (CA), to provide sustainable protection to students and staff. UNICEF will be expanding the programming on safe access to schools based on the findings so that interventions are comprehensive to ensure and respond to issues of access, equity and gender equality, increased continuity of education and protection of crisis-affected children.

As a co-lead Education Cluster, UNICEF supported the development of a holistic emergency response plan which clearly identified the different roles of the MoE, donors and the Education Cluster partners since the inception of the COVID-19 emergency response. A National Education Cluster Coordinator was deployed to the MoE in Ramallah to help support the development and implementation of the response plan, which was successfully developed and disseminated to all stakeholders' Mid-March. The Education Cluster has coordinated all partners in support of the MoE plan and established four small taskforces that support the MoE in implementing the four main objectives under its response plan (Distance Learning, Provision of MHPSS, Hygiene Promotion and Renovation of schools WASH facilities and distribution of school hygiene kits). The Education Cluster through the various taskforces continues to support the MoE to ensure availability of the necessary technical and financial capacity to implement the priority interventions within the plan.

UNICEF supported the Education Cluster and developed a contingency plan for the COVID-19 response. The Ministry of Education identified key priorities as follows: ensure continuation of learning for all children during school closure through available e-learning materials and rehabilitation/construction of latrines as well as water points. Additional priorities include provision of psychosocial support to teachers and learners and ensuring adequate information on COVID-19 is provided to learners and parents. Due to the COVID-19 emergency, schools have been closed. In response to the school closure, in partnership with UNESCO, UNICEF is supporting continuity of learning through provision of online learning materials and ICT support to improve the online platform infrastructure. UNICEF is exploring on alternative methods of reaching vulnerable children that may not have access to e-learning materials due to lack of access to internet. Additionally, UNICEF is also exploring simple and practical mechanisms that can support teachers to connect with their students remotely with daily worksheets. Support has also been provided to supervisors who monitor to ensure that consistent connections between teachers and their students.



## Health & Nutrition

Across the State of Palestine, health-related needs continue to be exacerbated by insufficient access to health care which results from a combination of chronically depleting medical supplies, insufficient human resources, and imposed access restrictions. In response to these challenges, UNICEF in cooperation with a partner, conducted several health and nutrition activities to support provision of integrated essential primary health care services for the most vulnerable communities through outreach activities. This also included health and nutrition education awareness raising to reach pregnant and lactating women (PLW), and families of children under five and anthropometry and blood screening including testing haemoglobin levels. This was coupled with the provision of supplementary micronutrients to the anaemic women and children. During the first quarter, UNICEF through its local NGO partner screened 2,180 children and 1,954 PLW in Gaza, out of which 1,187 (54%) and 392 (20%) were anaemic respectively. Subsequently, UNICEF provided supplementary micronutrients to the 1,579 anaemic cases, mainly iron drops for children and folic acid for PLW.

In coordination with health cluster partners, UNICEF procured and facilitated delivery of essential and lifesaving medical equipment, drugs and consumables for 13 health facilities (six maternity wards, seven NICUs) in Gaza. During the first quarter, 4,400 vulnerable people, including 3,000 high-risk women, 1,400 new-borns and young children received quality health care services from the six maternity hospitals, clinics and seven neonatal intensive care units.

UNICEF also completed offshore and local procurement of 10 Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) machines and 114, 144 boxes of essential drugs and medical consumables. Medical supplies were delivered to 13 health facilities in Gaza for treatment of high-risk new-borns as well as pregnant and lactating women suffering from life-threatening health conditions and complication of pregnancies including high blood pressure, preeclampsia, gestational diabetes and pre-term labour.

UNICEF in partnership with local NGOs supported the provision of ante-natal and postnatal care including needed treatment and follow-up services to 3,739 pregnant and lactating women who visited four targeted primary health care centres in Middle Gaza. Some 776 pregnant and lactating mothers accessed psychosocial counselling services through a qualified psychologist. A total of 4,898 pregnant and lactating women also benefited from 170 community-based awareness raising sessions on ante-natal, post-natal, risk pregnancy, safe delivery, and child health, nutrition and development conducted in Gaza's Middle and Northern governorates. In total, 4,299 children under-five were reached with early childhood development screening and 177 children (4%) were referred for specialized care. Additionally, 5,505 children were screened for malnutrition where 1,159 children (21%) were treated for moderate and severe malnutrition. In a bid to promote nutrition education and inculcating healthy eating practices, 109 cooking demonstration sessions were conducted benefitting 1,978 mothers. UNICEF SoP, through support of the Regional Office Child Survival and Development Specialist, conducted a five-day training on life saving of neonates and hands-on for paediatricians and neonate departments staff benefitting 135 doctors and nurses in the West Bank (90) and Gaza (35).

UNICEF continued its coordination of the Nutrition Technical Working Group in Gaza under the Health Cluster focusing on updating the Gaza Maternal, Infants and Young Children Nutrition Emergency Plan. In coordination with Save the Children and WFP, UNICEF is supporting the update of the protocol for treatment of malnutrition among infants and young children. In response to the COVID-19 crisis, UNICEF supported the development and distribution of leaflets for promotion and protection of infants and young child feeding. These leaflets with key messages on importance of exclusive breastfeeding, hygiene practices, safe and clean water and appropriate feeding of young children were distributed across all quarantine centres in Gaza. UNICEF also distributed educational materials on IYCF to all local NGO partners and health facilities.

On COVID-19 response, UNICEF facilitated offshore procurement of protective gowns and surgical masks in support of efforts by the MoH and WHO. In addition, UNICEF has facilitated the delivery of essential hygiene supplies to implementing partners to ensure the full implementation of IPC measures during the delivery of maternal and child health and nutrition, and early childhood development and intervention services. UNICEF supported the continuity of health care services particularly for women and children through procurement of medical supplies and delivery of key health and nutrition messages using social media to reach the most vulnerable families with children. UNICEF is also engaging with the Nutrition sub-cluster Working Group to support the development of leaflets on importance of exclusive breastfeeding in the COVID-19 crisis and dissemination across Gaza quarantines.

## Supply and Logistics

The Supply team has been working in the first quarter mostly to follow up deliveries of contracts and purchase orders placed in 2019 and supporting the programme teams on their 2020 Supply plans. With the start of the COVID-19 response, the team has focused on local and offshore procurement of hygiene items for service providers in child protection, schools and water installations and of PPE items and ICU equipment. Wherever possible, local procurement and support to local production are also supported. The COVID-19 outbreak is having an unprecedented impact on predominantly air freight operations globally and the availability of goods. Limitations to arrange airfreight resulting from

reduced airline carrying capacity for passengers and supplies, in addition to increasing rates, is at present the single biggest challenge to UNICEF logistics operations. The current disruption has impacted international supply chains causing bottlenecks, delays and higher costs in delivery of supplies for humanitarian and development programmes.

The COVID-19 emergency has had an impact in the construction works, both in Gaza and West Bank, halting most of the ongoing construction works and postponing the start of new ones. This emergency has also impacted on the finalization of various procurement processes for new Logistical Long-Term Arrangements such as transport, warehousing, customs clearance. Finalization of the joint technical evaluation with WHO has been difficult due to restrictions in movements which led to failure to visit the bidder premises and assess services offered. Lastly, the market survey bidding process was also stopped. Deliveries of goods for ongoing programmes are also suffering delays, in both production (due to delays in securing the raw material needed) and in delivery to the destination.

## Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

UNICEF is part of the UN and Humanitarian Country Teams and regularly coordinates its action with other organizations and local stakeholders. Within this partnership, UNICEF leads the WASH Cluster and with Save the Children co-leads the Education cluster. Within the Protection Cluster, UNICEF leads the Child Protection Working Group and the Mental Health and Psychosocial Support Group. UNICEF co-leads the Nutrition Working Group under the Health Cluster, in Gaza and at the national level in close collaboration with the World Health Organization.

UNICEF and partners continued to foster synergies between humanitarian and development assistance in the State of Palestine, while emphasizing on emergency preparedness. For health and nutrition, UNICEF supports neonatal emergency health care, postnatal care, and early childhood development, focusing on children with developmental delays and disabilities. With the deterioration of the water and sanitation situation and the ongoing energy crisis, UNICEF provides safe drinking water through solar power, water tank rehabilitation and network upgrades. Vulnerable households are supported with drinking water taps, latrines, sewage connections and hygiene promotion activities. UNICEF also supports flood preparedness and mitigation activities in high-risk areas. UNICEF regularly delivers critical health and other supplies to the Gaza Strip in response to humanitarian needs.

## Human Interest Stories and External Media

In January 2020, UNICEF celebrated the [International Day of Education](#) with children at the Augusta Victoria Hospital in East Jerusalem, where Album 11 and CRC educational kits were distributed to children being treated at the hospital. UNICEF signed an agreement with the Agence Française de Développement (AFD) in February 2020, aiming to strengthen sustainable neonatal and maternal health services for new-born babies, vulnerable women and young children in the Gaza Strip. The signing ceremony took place in the presence of the Health Minister, UNICEF France Director, and AFD Regional Director. A joint press release was issued, and the ceremony was highlighted through UNICEF [social media account](#).

In March 2020, UNICEF established in cooperation with World Health Organisation, Bank of Palestine, Ministry of Health, and Palestinian International Cooperation Agency (PICA) a national task force aiming at helping the government efforts in stopping the spread of COVID-19 in the State of Palestine. The task force is leading the Risk Communication and Community Engagement plan. The national RCCE plan has been developed by UNICEF Communication for Development and Communication Sections; aiming to coordinate the work among the UN agencies, Clusters, NGOs and INGOs, private sector and MoH. A COVID-19 [weekly plan](#) is developed each week and distributed to all actors targeting the general population with key responsive messages based on feedback from partners and monitoring of media. The weekly plan material is broadcast and distributed through social media, media outlets, flyers, billboards, and media influencers. [A landing page](#) focusing on COVID-19 was also created, to provide the public with correct information on COVID-19, and provide different solutions and ideas for parents, employers and children on how to deal with the pandemic. Much of the materials are produced in-house by UNICEF based on messages approved by WHO and the Ministry of Health, with inputs from all clusters and sectors.

## Next SitRep: 20 July 2020

UNICEF State of Palestine: <http://www.unicef.org/sop>

UNICEF State of Palestine on Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/unicefstateofpalestine>

UNICEF State of Palestine on Twitter: <https://twitter.com/UNICEFpalestine>

UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children 2020: [https://www.unicef.org/appeals/state\\_of\\_palestine.html](https://www.unicef.org/appeals/state_of_palestine.html)

Who to contact for Genevieve Boutin  
further information: Special Representative,  
UNICEF State of Palestine  
Tel: +972 (0)2 584 0400  
Email: [gboutin@unicef.org](mailto:gboutin@unicef.org)

Etona Ekole  
Deputy Special Representative  
UNICEF State of Palestine  
Tel: +972 (0)2 584 0400  
Email: [EEKOLE@unicef.org](mailto:EEKOLE@unicef.org)

Iain Murray  
Chief of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation  
UNICEF State of Palestine  
Tel: +972 (0)2 584 0419  
Email: [imurray@unicef.org](mailto:imurray@unicef.org)

## Annex A

### Summary of Programme Results

Sector	UNICEF and IPs			Cluster / Sector		
	2020 Target <sup>2</sup>	Total Results	Change since last Report <sup>3</sup> ▲ ▼	2020 Target	Total Results	Change since last Report ▲ ▼
<b>WATER, SANITATION &amp; HYGIENE</b>						
# of people in humanitarian situation benefited from improved access to water (direct or through operations and maintenance of systems)	280,000	40,000	40,000	1,025,729	154,471	154,471
# of people in humanitarian situation benefited from improved access to sanitation and hygiene services (direct or through operations and maintenance of systems)	259,495	40,650	40,650	722,540	73,427	73,427
# of students and teachers with access to improved WASH facilities in schools	18,000	650	650	109,000	89,705	89,705
# of people in humanitarian situation who benefitted from hygiene promotion activities and hygiene materials/kits	11,480	23,721 <sup>4</sup>	23,721	722,540	28,814	28,814
# of people benefit from strengthened preparedness and response capacity of flood-prone communities in Gaza	40,000	0 <sup>5</sup>	0	200,000	88,447	88,447
<b>CHILD PROTECTION</b>						
# of beneficiaries receiving legal awareness sessions	1,000	88	88	3,031	88	88
# of beneficiaries who received ERW risk education sessions	15,606	2,847	2,847	43,606	2,847	2,847
# of children benefiting from structured psychosocial services and child protection interventions	14,352	3,066	3,066	60,272	7,205	7,205
# of children benefiting from specialized individual case management	2,880	694	694	10,674	758	758
<b>EDUCATION</b>						
# of students and teachers benefiting from protective presence and accompaniment to/from school	6,900	630	630	6,900	630	630
# of students and teachers benefiting from the provision of material support, additional learning inclusive child-friendly spaces and teaching/learning supplies	78,000	0 <sup>6</sup>	0	347,237	0	0
# of students benefiting from remedial education services	5,000	0	0	19,749	0	0

<sup>2</sup> The relevant targets reflected in HAC were rounded down.

<sup>3</sup> The change reflected same reported data as this is the first SitRep for 2020.

<sup>4</sup> The coverage of this activity was expanded after additional funding was made available to respond to the hygiene needs of affected people during flooding in the rainy seasons.

<sup>5</sup> The coverage of this activity was hindered due funding constraints.

<sup>6</sup> Learning supplies for students have been procured and prepositioned to be distributed to needy students once schools reopen

# of students, parents and school staff benefiting from school-based psychosocial support services <sup>7</sup>	50,000	0	0	136,378	0	0
<b>HEALTH AND NUTRITION</b>						
# of women in reproductive age, pregnant and lactating women receiving quality maternal services	26,750	2,082	2,082	NA	NA	NA
# of neonates receiving quality lifesaving and health services in NICUs	10,420	1,400	1,400	NA	NA	NA
# of children under the age of five (boys and girls) benefited from targeted nutrition and health interventions	42,300	5,180	5,180	NA	NA	NA
# of women in reproductive age, pregnant and lactating women receiving quality nutrition services	39,100	1,954	1,954	NA	NA	NA
# of people directly benefitting from awareness sessions and health education	5,300	1,279	1,279	NA	NA	NA

## Annex B

### Funding Status\*

Sector	SoP - UNICEF 2020 Funding Requirements				
	Requirements USD	Funds available		Funding gap	
		Received Current Year	Carry-Over	USD	%
WASH	10,661,197	350,023	159,202	10,151,972	95%
Child Protection	3,255,160	577,182	100,107	2,577,871	79%
Health & Nutrition	2,510,007	537,262	1,121,214	851,531	34%
Education & Adolescents	2,243,147	324,873	403,248	1,515,026	68%
Cluster Coordination	935,999	117,853	156,163	661,983	71%
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,605,510</b>	<b>1,907,192</b>	<b>1,939,934</b>	<b>15,758,384</b>	<b>80%</b>

\* As defined in Humanitarian Appeal of 2020 for a period of 12 months

<sup>7</sup> This indicator has been included in the HAC under Child Protection.