

# Humanitarian Action for Children unicef

Iraq

More than 6.5 million people in Iraq, including 3 million children under 18 years, will need humanitarian assistance in 2019.1 Although armed violence has declined, and over 4 million people are returning to their homes,<sup>2</sup> 1.9 million people, including 900,000 children, remain displaced. Over 30 per cent of displaced children live in camps,3 where the delivery of basic services is essential to reducing the risk of disease and ensuring access to water and sanitation facilities, vaccination, education and protective spaces. Vulnerable families returning to affected communities are in danger due to explosive hazards. In some areas, over 90 per cent of school-aged children lack access to learning.4 Girls, boys and women who have survived gender-based violence require specialized services to recover and reengage with their families and communities.5 After decades of violence and neglect, Irag's public services remain overstretched, with damaged water and sanitation networks and overburdened health systems putting children at risk of disease outbreaks. Since the start of 2018, 130 children have suffered grave violations of their rights, including killing, maiming and recruitment into armed groups. 6 The humanitarian crisis is compounded by natural disasters, such as earthquakes, floods and drought, which are threatening children's safety across the country.

# **Humanitarian strategy**

UNICEF's humanitarian strategy in Iraq is aligned with the 2019 Humanitarian Response Plan. UNICEF leads the water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) cluster, the child protection sub-cluster and the Nutrition Working Group; co-leads the education cluster; and is a member of the health cluster. UNICEF will use its leadership position to strengthen the capacities of humanitarian partners to reach crisis-affected children, and will continue to integrate genderbased violence risk mitigation into all programming. With the World Food Programme (WFP) and the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), UNICEF will maintain temporary capacity for the Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM), which government partners will take over in 2019. Safe water, gendersensitive sanitation facilities and hygiene awareness activities will be supported in camps, host communities and retaken areas. Children under 5 years will receive immunization and nutrition services, especially in low-coverage areas. UNICEF will expand access to safe, quality education and facilitate psychosocial support and specialized protection services, including legal assistance and support for survivors of genderbased violence. UNICEF and partners will conduct cash-based interventions and support capacity building for longer-term recovery. Recovery actions will complement the United Nations Recovery and Resilience Programme in Iraq and the UNICEF Recovery and Resilience for Children appeal.

# **Results from 2018**

As of 31 October 2018, UNICEF had US\$96 million available against the US\$101.2 million appeal (95 per cent funded).7 First-line RRM deliveries decreased in 2018 due to the lower numbers of newly displaced people. UNICEF continued critical water and sanitation interventions for almost 960,000 conflict-affected people in camps, return locations and vulnerable host communities. Child protection teams deepened community-based psychosocial support services for nearly 149,000 children, and some 85,000 people attended awareness-raising sessions on child protection, which built sustainable local skills to meet children's needs. Iraq's Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism, which gathers data on grave violations of children's rights, verified 83 per cent of all reports, supporting evidence-based advocacy.8 More than 1.2 million children were vaccinated against polio and measles through campaigns targeting low coverage areas. More than 133,000 growth monitoring sessions took place for children under 5 years, and over 16,600 mothers improved their knowledge of infant feeding practices. Although crowded classrooms and displacement of teachers continued to present a challenge, accelerated learning curricula and catch-up classes helped out-of-school children access or re-access learning. Despite funding constraints, UNICEF cash assistance developed based on joint United Nations vulnerability assessments helped to reduce barriers to learning for over 3,900 children.

Total people in need: 6.55 million<sup>9</sup>

Total children (<18) in need: 3.08 million<sup>10</sup>

Total people to be reached: 1,039,304<sup>11</sup>

Total children to be reached: 543,444<sup>12</sup>

# 2019 programme targets:

### **Nutrition**

 363,444 children under 5 years in camps for internally displaced persons screened for malnutrition

### Health

- 314,985 children aged 9 to 59 months vaccinated against measles through routine immunization
- 22,038 newborn babies in camps for internally displaced persons visited by trained health workers

### **WASH**

- 972,808 people with continued and more resilient and equitable access to a sufficient safe water supply
- 486,404 people with continued access to safe and gender- and disabilities-sensitive sanitation facilities and hygiene items

### **Child protection**

- 135,000 girls and boys participating in structured, sustained psychosocial support programmes
   7,000 at-risk girls and boys
- 7,000 at-risk girls and boys receiving case management services
- 10,474 girls and women receiving individual or group psychosocial support

# **Education**

 200,000 conflict-affected children accessing quality and inclusive formal and non-formal education

### Cash-based transfers

 15,000 children from most vulnerable households benefiting from child-focused direct cash support

# Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM)

 50 emergency response capacity building workshops conducted for government staff

# **Non-food items**

 180,000 most vulnerable children received warm clothing for winter

|   | Cluster<br>2018 targets | Cluster<br>total results | UNICEF<br>2018 targets | UNICEF total results   |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| NUTRITION   | Loro targoto            | total rodalts            | Loro targoto           | total rosalts          |
| Children under 5 years accessing nutrition services   |                         |                          | 50,000                 | 141,167                |
| HEALTH <sup>i</sup>   |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| Children under 1 year vaccinated against measles through routine immunization   |                         |                          | 50,000 <sup>ii</sup>   | 33,158                 |
| Children under 5 years vaccinated against polio   |                         |                          | 1,200,000              | 1,265,462              |
| WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE   |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| Emergency-affected populations accessing sufficient quantity of water of appropriate quality for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene | 2,309,765               | 1,937,363                | 1,300,000              | 959,929                |
| Emergency-affected populations benefiting from latrines established, rehabilitated or maintained  | 436,901                 | 468,045                  | 300,000                | 370,516                |
| CHILD PROTECTION™   |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| Children and caregivers participating in structured, sustained resilience or psychosocial support programmes                            | 203,865                 | 268,884                  | 186,300                | 148,896                |
| Children receiving specialized child protection services (reunification, alternative or specialized care and services)                  | 29,325                  | 21,133                   | 18,630                 | 8,088                  |
| EDUCATION   |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| School-aged children accessing quality education, including through temporary structures  | 528,222                 | 344,680                  | 450,000                | 237,318                |
| Conflict-affected boys and girls aged 6 to 17 years enrolled in formal and non-formal education programmes                              | 528,222                 | 593,371                  | 300,000                | 201,726 <sup>vi</sup>  |
| CASH-BASED TRANSFERS  |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| Children from vulnerable families receiving child-focused cash assistance   |                         |                          | 15,000                 | 3,902 <sup>vii</sup>   |
| RAPID RESPONSE MECHANISM AND WINTERIZATION  |                         |                          |                        |                        |
| Vulnerable people newly displaced by conflict receiving RRM kits within 72 hours of the trigger for response                            |                         |                          | 1,030,000              | 78,983 <sup>viii</sup> |
| Most vulnerable children better protected from risks of winter with appropriate clothing  |                         |                          | 200,000                | 285,912ix              |

Results are through 31 October 2018.

\* This is a proxy indicator that refers to boys and girls receiving educational supplies.

\*\*In In In In It is a proxy indicator that refers to boys and girls receiving education as upplies.

\*\*In In In In It is a proxy indicator that refers to boys and girls receiving education by the Ministry of Education. UNICEF supports formal enrolment through the establishment of schools, providing pre-fabricated classrooms, as well as opportunities for children to access both formal and non-formal learning.

\*\*If The UNICEF cash assistance response to internally displaced persons was limited in 2018 due to 70 per cent funding gap. This table reflects Iraqi internally displaced/returnee households. Syrian refugee households are reflected in UNICEF Syrian refugee humanitarian reporting.

\*\*III RRM 1: Consortium led by UNICEF, WFP and UNIFPA. Limited progress, mainly because of lower than anticipated levels of new displacements. In addition, as discussion on camp

Syriar refugee nousenoids are reflected in UNICEF Syriar refugee humanitarian reporting.

Will RRM 1: Consortium led by UNICEF, WFP and UNFPA. Limited progress, mainly because of lower than anticipated levels of new displacements. In addition, as discussion on camp consolidation/closure remains inconclusive, there have been no large-scale camp relocation movements as was anticipated for 2018.

Kesults are as of February 2018 for reporting on the 2017-2018 winter response. Targets shown in the 2019 Humanitarian Action for Children appeal are for the 2019-2020 winter response, which is expected to begin in November 2019.

## **Funding requirements**

UNICEF is requesting US\$73 million to meet the humanitarian needs of children in Iraq in 2019. Without adequate and timely funding, UNICEF will be unable to support the national response to the country's continuing protection crisis or post-conflict needs. This includes critical WASH services for internally displaced persons and returning populations facing the spread of cholera, health and nutrition services to ensure children are immunized against childhood diseases, grow and thrive. Basic learning materials and classroom space are urgently needed to uphold children's right to education. Childfocused cash assistance will support parents and caregivers to feed, clothe and educate children.

| Sector                             | 2019 requirements (US\$) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Health and nutrition <sup>13</sup> | 5,800,000                |
| Water, sanitation and hygiene      | 24,948,000               |
| Child protection <sup>14</sup>     | 20,476,825               |
| Education                          | 9,975,707                |
| Cash-based transfers               | 4,897,000                |
| Rapid Response Mechanism           | 890,245                  |
| Non-food items                     | 6,000,000                |
| Total                              | 72,987,777               |

<sup>1</sup> Children make up 47 per cent of the population. United Nations Children's Fund, 'Iraq: Statistics', UNICEF, <www.unicef.org/infobycountry/iraq\_statistics.html#118>, accessed 5 December 2018.

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UNICEF strategies were refined to focus on work through the Government, where possible, or on first-line response combined with high-level advocacy to ensure child-focused prioritization. An example of this is one-off vaccination campaigns reaching newly displaced children rather than longer-term capacity building work.

The original 2018 UNICEF target of 18,000 children under 1 year vaccinated against measles was increased under the 2018 Humanitarian Response Plan.
The UNICEF target was based on the estimated populations in Anbar, Kirkuk, Ninewa and Salah al Din; results reporting is also these four targeted governorates. National and sub-national campaigns in multiple areas of the country with low vaccination coverage have taken place throughout 2018.

iv After the acute emergency phase of the Mosul response UNICEF consolidated and renegotiated new partnership agreements for 2018 child protection response for better geographic

coverage and case management capacity. An increase in progress is expected in the final quarter of 2018.

Y This is a proxy indicator that refers to boys and girls receiving educational supplies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Iriag Camp Coordination and Camp Management Cluster, 'Irag: CCCM Mosul camps new arrivals monitoring from 12 January to 30 September 2018', CCCM, 30 September 2018.

<sup>4</sup> United Nations Children's Fund, 'The Costs and Benefit of Education in Iraq: An analysis of the education sector and strategies to maximize the benefits of education', UNICEF, 2017.

United Nations Children's Fund, The Costs and Benefit of Education in Iraq: An analysis of the education sector and strategies to maximize the benefits of education, UNICEF, 201.

5 United Nations Population Fund Iraq, Gender-Based Violence Sub-Cluster, 'GBV Assessment', UNFPA, 2016, <www.humanitarianresponse.info/en/operations/iraq/assessment/gbv-assessments, accessed 5 December 2018.

6 United Nations Children's Fund and United Nations Mission in Iraq: Manitoring and Paparting Machanism Detabases 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> United Nations Children's Fund and United Nations Mission in Iraq, Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism Database, 2018. <sup>7</sup> Available funds include US\$67.1 million raised against the current appeal and US\$28.9 million carried forward from the previous year.

In 2018, the Iraq Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism received 169 reports of grave violations of child rights (of which 139 were verified according to Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism requirements), affecting 177 children (130 children were affected in the 139 verified reports).

requirements), arrecting 1/7 children (130 children (130 children were arrected in the 139 verified reports).

9 Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, 'Iraq: 2019 Humanitarian Needs Overview', OCHA, 2018. The Humanitarian Needs Overview document was not finalized/published at the time of writing this appeal. The appeal will be updated to be aligned with the published Humanitarian Needs Overview, once finalized.

10 Children make up 47 per cent of the population. United Nations Children's Fund, 'Iraq: Statistics', UNICEF, <www.unicef.org/infobycountry/iraq\_statistics.html#118>, accessed 5 December 2018.

11 The total number of people to be reached was calculated based on: UNICEF WASH maximum people to be reached: 972,808 individuals (water supply under cluster objective 4). Adults (18 and above) constitute around 52 per cent of the population = 515,860 adults 18 and above. UNICEF education maximum children (aged 3 to 17 years) to be reached: 200,000 school-aged children (access to formal and non-formal learning), of which an estimated 10 per cent are aged 3 to 4 years old, so a total of 180,000 children aged 5 to 17 years old. UNICEF health and nutrition maximum children under 5 years to be reached (nutrition screening): 363,444 children 5 years and under.

12 This figure is 363,444 children under 5 years screened for malnutrition plus 180,000 children aged 5 to 17 years in need of quality and inclusive formal and non-formal education.

13 Health budget: US\$3.9 million; nutrition budget: US\$1.9 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Child protection total includes US\$4 million for prevention and response to gender-based violence.