

Humanitarian Action for Children

unicef

Bangladesh

Cox's Bazar District is hosting over 855,000 Rohingya refugees from Myanmar. 1 A plan for their voluntary and sustainable return is being explored, though past attempts have been unsuccessful. Two years into the crisis, with the support of the Government, donors and humanitarian partners, necessary infrastructure and basic services have been established and are generating substantial improvements in children's well-being. Global acute malnutrition rates have dropped from 19 to 11 per cent,2 and 90 per cent of children aged 4 to 14 years have access to learning centres. However, significant challenges remain. The quality of education requires further improvement. Shelters made of bamboo and tarpaulin remain highly susceptible to fire and damage during monsoons and cyclones. While access to water has improved, there are persistent issues with quality – 70 per cent of household water samples are contaminated.³ Overall vulnerability and social tensions in host communities require additional investments and a district-wide approach. Families across Bangladesh are also extremely vulnerable to flooding due to cyclones and monsoons, a situation that is exacerbated by the growing effects of climate change. The July 2019 floods affected 7.6 million people across half of the country.4

Humanitarian strategy

UNICEF's humanitarian response in Bangladesh is aligned with the 2020 Joint Response Plan and the 2019 Humanitarian Response and Recovery Plan. In 2020, UNICEF will prioritize: 1) providing life-saving health and nutrition services for children and pregnant women; 2) operating water networks and improving sanitation infrastructure and technology and hygiene promotion; 3) improving access to integrated quality education and skills, including for adolescents and children with disabilities and piloting the Myanmar curriculum; 4) increasing access to protection services, including structured psychosocial support, and addressing violence, exploitation and abuse, including gender-based and sexual violence; 5) disseminating protection and peacebuilding messages through various media and household visits; and 6) strengthening feedback mechanisms for improved accountability to affected populations. UNICEF will strengthen the linkages between its humanitarian response and development programmes to achieve sustainable results in refugee camps and host communities. Integrated skills development for refugee and host community adolescents⁵ and youth will focus on resilience-building. UNICEF will invest in preparedness across the country, including in Cox's Bazar, respond to the massive floods of 2019 and prepare for any new humanitarian needs. UNICEF leads the nutrition and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) sectors/clusters and the child protection sub-sector/cluster and co-leads the education sector/cluster.

Results from 2019

As of 31 August 2019, UNICEF had US\$84.5 million available against the US\$152.2 million appeal (55 per cent funded).6 UNICEF and partner investments in prevention, social mobilization, service coverage and quality improvements in health, nutrition and water services helped prevent major disease outbreaks. The number of learning centres has nearly doubled, from 1,409 to 2,500, with more than 74,000 children in the centres in 2019. Integrated vocational and life-skills programmes have been introduced, reaching 12,500 adolescent boys and girls in camps and host communities. Reaching all targeted adolescents remains challenging due to technical and space limitations in centre construction and partner capacity limitations. To improve the quality and sustainability of drinking water, UNICEF constructed piped water networks that have reached 40 per cent of the population in its geographical area of responsibility. Additional water networks planned through the end of 2019 aim to reach 80 per cent of the population in UNICEF's area of responsibility. Safe spaces are being expanded in camps and introduced in host communities to prevent and respond to gender-based violence. Awareness-raising for partners on the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse has been scaled up and mechanisms for reporting on and supporting survivors are being established.

Total people in need Total children (<18) in need 1.06 million Total people to be reached 597,300 Total children to be reached

2020 programme targets

427,300¹⁰

- 10,600 children aged 6 to 59 months affected by severe acute malnutrition who are admitted for treatment1
- 172,654 children aged 6 to 59 months who received vitamin A

Health

- 104,900 children aged 0 to 11 months who received pentavalent 3 vaccine
- 5.000 sick newborns treated

WASH¹²

- 338,034 people accessing a sufficient quantity of safe water for drinking, cooking and personal hygiene¹³
 • 377,604 people benefiting from functional
- latrines to agreed standards

Child protection

- 30,000 children accessing psychosocial support¹
- 16,500 children and women accessing gender-based violence risk mitigation, prevention and response interventions¹⁵

Education¹⁶

- 293,750 children accessing quality education
- 15,000 adolescents aged 15 to 18 years accessing secondary education¹⁷
 • 32,000 adolescents aged 15 to 18 years
- and youth aged 19 to 24 years accessing vocational skills training

Communication for development

- 700,169 people reached through messaging and dialogue (house-to-house) on key life-saving behaviours and referrals to services with a focus on health, nutrition, WASH, education and child
- 50,000 people accessing mechanisms for voicing their needs/concerns, including feedback and complaint mechanisms

	Cluster/ sector 2019	Cluster/ sector total	UNICEF 2019 targets		UNICEF
	targets	results	Refugees	Host communities and people affected by floods	results
NUTRITION					
Children aged 0 to 59 months treated for severe acute malnutrition	20,652	18,092	17,000	400	11,629
Children aged 6 to 59 months receiving vitamin Ai	191,074	191,300	148,324	42,750	191,300
HEALTH					
Children aged 0 to 11 months who have received pentavalent 3 vaccine			28,857	76,295	73,442
Sick newborns treated in UNICEF-supported newborn stabilization units and special newborn care units			200	3,000	3,114
WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE					
People benefiting from safe water to agreed standards that meets domestic demands	1,318,941 ⁱⁱ	1,005,718	250,000	361,820 ⁱⁱⁱ	565,785 ^{iv}
People benefiting from functional latrines to agreed standards	1,221,371 ^v	858,363	250,000	320,850 ^{vi}	317,070 ^{vii}
CHILD PROTECTION					
Children reached with psychosocial support services	343,206	108,082	76,629	13,676	57,665
Adolescents who received life skills	74,900	65,810	34,400	12,530	39,762
Adolescent girls and women provided with gender-based violence prevention and response services.			20,000	3,500	5,429
EDUCATION					
Children aged 4 to 14 years enrolled in emergency non- formal education, including early learning	396,184 ^{viii}	374,256	221,000	63,750 ^{ix}	212,707
Adolescents aged 15 to 18 years who have participated in skills development programmes for learning, personal empowerment and/or employability	54,864	30,649	28,000	12,000	12,566
COMMUNICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT/ACCOUNTABILITY MECHANISMS					
People reached through messaging and dialogue (house-to-house) on key life-saving behaviours and referrals to services with a focus on health, nutrition, WASH, education and child protection			725,000	100,000	675,250
People accessing mechanisms to voice their needs/concerns, including feedback and complaint mechanisms			50,000	10,000	53,375

^{*} Results are as of 31 August 2019 unless otherwise noted.

Vitamin A was delivered to all children in Rohingya camps and host communities in partnership with the local health authorities during Nutrition Action Week, a low-cost, high-impact biannual exercise that will be repeated in October 2019.

In this includes 76,500 persons benefiting from access to safe drinking water in flood-affected areas.

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Funding requirements

UNICEF is appealing for US\$135.3 million to maintain life-saving basic services and mitigate the impact of protracted displacement on Rohingya refugees and host communities and respond to the 2020 floods/cyclone in the rest of the country. Nutrition, health, WASH, protection and education services will be provided at scale in the camps, with increased focus on quality, equity and linking humanitarian and development assistance. This appeal includes the US\$111.3 million required under the 2020 Joint Response Plan for the Rohingya response, as well as additional funds to contribute to the Humanitarian Response Plan and emergency preparedness nationwide.

Sector	2020 requirements (US\$) ¹⁸
Nutrition	14,230,000
Health ¹⁹	15,180,000
Water, sanitation and hygiene	30,000,000
Child protection and gender-based violence ²⁰	17,000,000
Education	47,000,000
Communication for development and accountability to affected populations	3,150,000
Emergency preparedness and social protection	8,700,000
Total	135,260,000

^{*} Overachievement is due to the establishment of improved and sustainable water networks. The continued operation and maintenance of this infrastructure has been relatively low cost.

This includes 20,850 persons benefiting from functional latrines in flood-affected areas in the rest of the country.

This includes 20,000 persons asserting to the control of the refuge influx and more sustainable Community-Led Total Sanitation strategies in the remainder of UNICEF supports safe sanitation in host community-Led Total Sanitation strategies in the remainder of

the district.

Will In addition to services in Cox's Bazar, this includes 33,750 children benefiting from learning opportunities in flood-affected areas in the rest of the country.

It lid.

- ¹ Inter-Sector Coordination Group, '2020 Joint Response Plan for Rohingya Humanitarian Crisis', 2019.
- Standardized Monitoring and Assessment of Relief and Transitions (SWART) Survey, Round 4, October-November 2019.
 Department of Public Health Engineering, World Health Organization and United Nations Children's Fund, "Water Quality Surveillance Update 10th round", April 2019.

- United Nations Resident Coordinator, 'Bangladesh: Humanitarian response and recovery plan monsoon floods (August 2019–April 2020)', August 2019.
 As per the UNICEF Bangladesh Adolescent Strategy for Rohingya and Host Community Response, this integrated programme includes vocational training; basic literacy and numeracy; life skills; and psychosocial
- As per the United Partyleads in Auditory No. 1997.

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 A per programme targets are inclusive of this population.

 The total figure includes 510,744 girls and 548,984 boys.

 This includes 45 per cent of the sanitation target to cover adults (169,922), plus all children aged 6 months to 3 years to receive vitamin A (103,592, noting the reduction of children aged 4 and 5 from this target to

- remove any double counting), and all children aged 4 to 18 years to benefit from education (293,750 + 30,000, noting the reduction of 2,000 youth in the overall vocational target). This includes 52 per cent girls/women and 48 per cent boys/men.
- This includes 103,592 children aged 6 months to 3 years to receive vitamin A (out of 172,654 children aged 6 to 59 months) and all the children aged 4 to 18 years to benefit from education (293,750 + 30,000). This includes 49 per cent girls and 51 per cent boys and 3,900 children with disabilities supported with rehabilitation services to enhance their access to learning.

 11 The 2020 target was reduced in 2019 due to the reduction in global acute malnutrition rates from 19.3 per cent in October 2017 to 10.9 per cent in October 2019. In addition, the nutrition sector has undertaken a
- The 2020 target was reduced in 2019 due to the reduction in global acute mainturition rates from 19.3 per cent in October 2019. In addition, the nutrition sector has undertaken a rationalization exercise to one partner/service site per camp, lowering the UNICEF coverage rate. The levels of global acute mainturition were initially very high in 2017 (when the influx of the refugees took place), however with the scaling up of quality nutrition, health and WASH interventions and the work by Food Security Sector, the global acute mainturition levels have decreased significantly.

 12 Targets for host communities have been reduced based on high levels of achievement in 2019 and a programmatic shift towards the use of sustainable community approaches.

 13 Targets and funding requirements changed to align to the Joint Response Plan 2020.

 14 The child protection sub-sector will target 96,000 children for psychosocial support. UNICEF is targeting 30 per cent focusing on structured mental health and psychosocial services. The remaining target will be

reached by other partners, who now have the capacity for large-scale psychosocial support programming.

15 This includes 85 per cent women/girls and 15 per cent men/boys. UNICEF will also engage 750 men on gender-based violence prevention and mitigation.

16 This includes 3,900 children with disabilities who will be supported with rehabilitation services to enhance their access to learning.

17 For adolescents, remaining needs are met through alternative modalities, including livelihood programmes run by partners.

19 For adolescents, remaining needs are met through alternative incodenites, including inventions of the programme sector requirements for floor response in the rest of the country have been added in the programme sector requirements as have sector/cluster funding requirements.

19 This amount includes funding required for the HIV and AIDS programme in camps and host communities.

20 Funding for child protection remains similar to 2019, as psychosocial support transitions from blanket psychosocial and recreational activities to a targeted, structured curriculum, and as the scale of integrated case management support to the most vulnerable children increases.

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