

Cameroon

Humanitarian Situation Report No. 1



A baby being vaccinated in Buéa, in the South-West region of Cameroon. @UNICEF/Cameroon/2021 Frank Dejongh

Reporting Period: January 2021

Highlights

- Since mid-December 2020, due to political violence, over 4,000 Central African Republic civilians sought refuge in the East Region of Cameroon among Garoua-Boulaï, Kentzou and Gari-Gombo churches or host families.
- Cameroon remains the second country most impacted by the Lake Chad Basin crisis. Children are at heightened risk of recruitment for Person Borne Improvised Engine Device (PBIED) attacks.
- In the North-West and South-West regions a total of 5,147 children under 11 months (2,619 girls and 2,528 boys) received catch-up vaccination.
- In the Far-North region, 105,240 boys and girls are now attending classes in schools, where teachers have been equipped to provide psychosocial support and/or lead on conflict and disaster risk reduction activities.
- UNICEF Cameroon's 2021 Humanitarian Action for Children appeal is costed at US\$ 83,074,000. The HAC 2021 targets 1.1 million people, of whom, 869,000 are children.

Situation in Numbers



3,200,000 children in need of humanitarian assistance (UNICEF HAC 2021)



6,200,000 people in need (HRP June 2020)



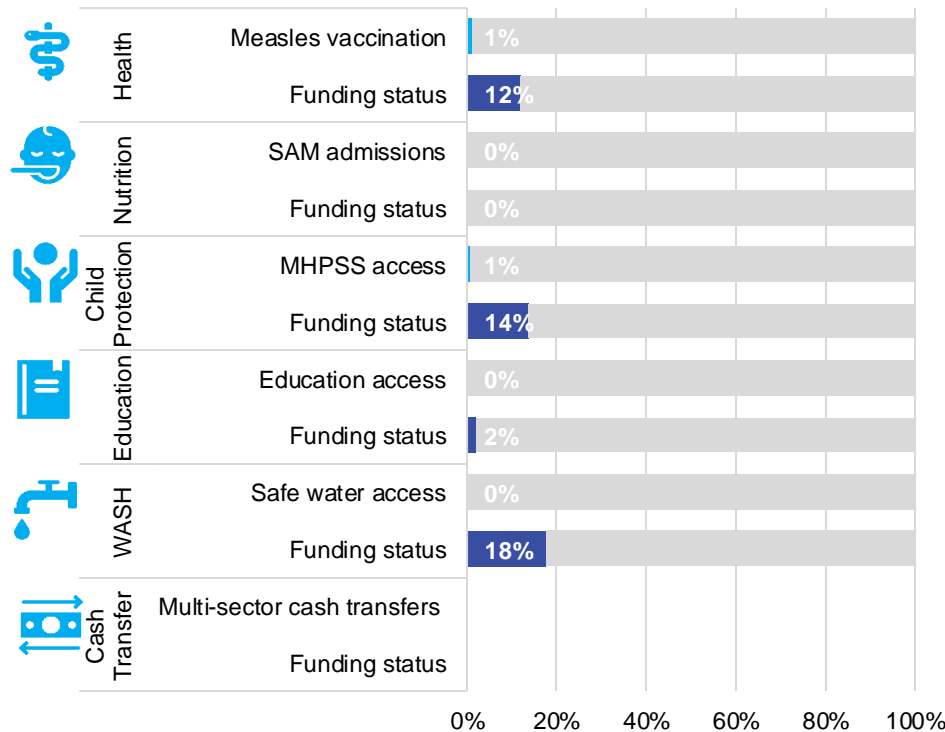
409,173 IDPs in the NWSW regions (UN OCHA MSNA, August 2020)

360,547 Returnees in the NW/SW (OCHA August 2020)

321,886 IDPs in the Far-North (IOM, June 2020)

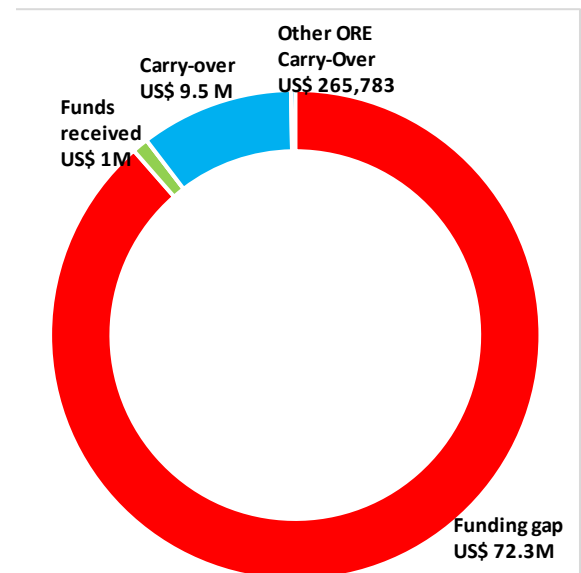
123,489 Returnees in the Far-North (IOM, June 2020)

UNICEF's Response and Funding



UNICEF Appeal 2021

US\$83,074,000



*Funding available includes funds received in the current year; carry-over from the previous year; and repurposed funds with agreement from donors

Funding Overview and Partnerships

In 2021, UNICEF Cameroon is appealing for US\$83,074,000 in support of a lifesaving and protection-based response for children and women affected by humanitarian crisis in Cameroon. The COVID-19 emergency has been incorporated into the HAC 2021 appeal. As of January 2021, UNICEF has not received any funding. However, carry-over funds from 2020 have helped to bridge immediate needs in the first month of the year.

Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs

As of January 2021, there have been 30,740 cumulative cases and 474 deaths confirmed of COVID-19 with a 1.6 percent fatality rate. Over 6.2 million people, including 3 million children remain in need of humanitarian assistance. These needs are the result of protracted and new conflict displacements in the North-West (NW), South-West (SW) and Far-North regions and new refugee influxes in the East and Far-North regions. Seasonal risks such as floods and disease outbreaks, including communicable diseases such as measles and Cholera remain real threats to already vulnerable families.

In January 2021, violent clashes between government forces and non-state armed groups (NSAGs) in the North-West (NW) and South-West (SW) regions remained a root cause for population displacement. As of January 2021, according to UN OCHA, 7,017 conflict-affected people fled across both regions, in majority to the South-West (5,881 – 84 percent). Parallely, 1,760 returned to their regions of origin either in the North-West or the South-West regions. In total, in Cameroon, there are 700,000 internally displaced people (IDP) 360,547 returnees and another 301,883 IDPs in other regions (5,301 in Adamawa, 52,931 in the Center, 80,925 in Littoral and 162,726 in West).

In the NW/SW regions, the delivery of humanitarian aid was impacted by 15 days of movement restrictions ('ghost towns' and 'lockdowns') and volatile insecurity - including crossfire and the use of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs). Since mid-January, violent attacks were linked to the African Nations Championship (CHAN 2021) with some teams based in Buea and playing in Limbe in the South-West (SW) region. While one school in three remains non-operational (4,185), alarming attacks against teachers and children continued on school premises or on their way to school (gun shooting, arson, and abductions).

Since December 27, 2020 due to the general instability and violence linked to the Central African Republic Presidential Elections, over 6,692¹ Central African Republic civilians sought refuge in the East Region of Cameroon among Garoua-Boulaï, Gado Site, Kentzou, Boulembe, Gari-Gombo, Ndokayo and Betare Oya churches or host families, among them 52 percent children and 54 percent are women. Some have also settled in Sarambi artisanal gold mine site. This influx was the single largest influx since 2014. Although the security situation in Central African Republic (CAR) has not improved, a stabilisation in the rate of new arrivals has been observed.

Cameroon is the second country most affected by the Lake Chad Basin Crisis. The United Nations Department for Safety and Security (UNDSS) reported on-going attacks on civilians in the Far-North region, causing spontaneous displacements with over 47 civilians killed in January 2021. The largest number of attacks on civilians were reported in Mayo-Sava division followed by Mayo-Tsanaga division in the Far North region. Children have continued to be exposed directly to the impact of violent attacks, displacement and the loss of caregivers and protective community networks. In addition, children continue to be the victims of unexploded remnants of war and abduction for purposes of recruitment into armed groups, including as suicide bombers. A dramatic increase in the use of children in Person Borne Improvised Engine Device (PBIED) attacks has been observed in the Mayo-Tsanaga division, with at least 5 occurrences only in the district of Mayo-Moskoto. Abductions of boys, girls and women remain a major concern with 12 cases reported in January.

Summary Analysis of January 2021 Program Response²

Nutrition³

Non-State Armed Groups (NSAG's) violence – Lake Chad Basin

In the Far-North region, UNICEF worked collaboratively with the Regional Delegation of the Ministry of Public Health and NGO partners, the Alliance for International Medical Action (ALIMA), Helen Keller International (HKI), IEDA Relief, Action Contre la Faim (ACF) and International Medical Corps (IMC) to ensure the availability and access to treatment for children with SAM in 366 health centres. UNICEF, through partners provided essential nutrition supplies (RUTF, therapeutic milk, essential drugs) and WASH kits. In January 2021, 149 children aged 6 to 59 months including 14 Nigerian refugee children from Minawao Camp were referred and admitted into these UNICEF-supported health centres for treatment. With a total of 1,278 home visits conducted by ALIMA and the Regional Delegation of the Ministry of Public Health, 13,076 caregivers (8,499 women and 4,577 men) were sensitised on good Infant Young Child Feeding

¹ Reported needs, UNHCR, 28 February 2021

³ Due to the reporting system of the Ministry of Public Health, the admission data of the concerned month is reported in the following month (i.e., January data is reported in February).

practices. Also, 14,250 children from 6 to 59 month were screened for severe acute malnutrition (SAM). Among them, 9,063 were screened by their mothers who were trained to detect malnutrition in their children using Middle Upper Arm Circumference tapes and oedema measurements (MUAC approach). In total, among the screened children, 65 were detected with SAM and 525 with moderate acute malnutrition (MAM).

North-West/South-West Crisis

UNICEF partners⁴ and the Regional Delegation of the Ministry of Public Health screened 2,682 (1,315 boys and 1,367 girls) for SAM in very hard to reach and peri-urban areas. The children were reached either through health facilities or mobile teams. Among them, 53 were identified with SAM and only 49 were referred for treatment in one of the 39 UNICEF supported health facilities, that includes 21 hospitals for the integrated management of SAM. To address the gap in SAM detection and referral for SAM treatment, strategies have been developed which includes training and equipping additional facilities with nutrition supplies (RUTF, F-75, F-100, Resomal and anthropometric equipment). In complement, 2,289 (1,801 women and 1,028 men) caregivers were sensitised on COVID-19 preventative practices and infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices.

Health

North-West/South-West Crisis

In January 2021, UNICEF supported the Regional Delegation of Public Health for the implementation of the second round of the three-days catch-up vaccination for children and pregnant women in four health districts (Bamenda, Kumbo West, Nkambe and Wum) and outreach vaccination in six health districts (Ako, Batibo, Fundong, Kumbo East, Ndong and Oku). A total of 5,147 children aged 0 to 11 months (2,619 girls and 2,528 boys) benefited from catch up vaccination and 1,168 pregnant women were vaccinated against tetanus. Also 1,855 children aged 6 to 59 months (944 girls and 911 boys) were vaccinated against Measles / Rubella (MR). Vitamin A supplementation was provided to 3,502 children, 11,850 children were treated with deworming tablets, 8,134 for diarrhoea and 3,221 for acute respiratory infections.

In addition, 12,347 children and adults received treatment for malaria. In total, 14,207 households were provided with LLINs. Care was also provided for cases of acute respiratory tract infection and severe diarrhoea. To avoid maternal and neonatal mortality, pregnant women and caregivers received 517 maternal care kits and 389 new-born kits. UNICEF also provided lifesaving services to families and children affected by the NW/SW crisis who displaced to the Adamawa region (Mayo-Banyo, Bankim), 115 under-five children received LLINs and 319 with diarrhoea were treated with oral rehydration salt (ORS) at home by community health workers. All interventions were conducted in strict compliance to the COVID-19 barrier measures (use of face masks, handwashing and hand sanitizers).

UNICEF also supported the Regional Delegation of Public Health (RDPH) South West and Malaria Control Program to equip 34 trainers (19 Chief of Centers, 8 Health Districts Staff and 7 representatives of NGOs: 2 persons from LUKMEF, 2 persons from CARITAS Kumba, 2 persons from CARITAS Mamfe and 1 person from DEMTOU Humanitarian) on the implementation of community directed interventions (CDI) from January 6 to 9 in Limbe. The trainees will help build the capacities of community health workers (mCHWs) in the region to strengthen the health care system and improve the quality of service delivery.

WASH

NSAGs' violence – Lake Chad Basin

Under UNICEF's technical and financial support, the Ministry of Water Resources and Energy (MINEE) and the Ministry of Public Health (MoPH) held a Community Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) workshop from January 26 to 28, 2021 in Garoua, in the North region. It aimed to build the capacity of 30 non-governmental organisation, local association and governmental actors from the North and Far-North regions on the CLTS strategy and its implementation guidelines in Cameroon.

North-West/South-West Crisis

In January 2021, UNICEF implementing partner Cameroon Baptist Convention Health Service (CBCHS) distributed non-food items and WASH items to 5,485 internally displaced people and host community members affected by conflict while conducting sensitisation on COVID-19 infection control and prevention practices.

⁴ Reach Out, Cameroon Baptist Convention Health Service (CBCHS), Action Against Hunger (AAH), CARITAS Bamenda, CARITAS Mamfe, SUDAHSER Foundation, DEMTOU Humanitarian, Hope for a Better Future (H4BF), Tertiary Sisters of Saint Francis, and Strategic Humanitarian Services (SHUMAS)

Education

NSAGs' violence – Lake Chad Basin

In January 2021, with Global Partnership for Education (GPE) funding, UNICEF completed the construction of 49 classrooms in the villages of Mozogo in Mayo-Tsanaga, Manawatchi in Mayo-sava, Tildé, Bodo and Maltam in Logone and Chari. In collaboration with the Delegation of the Ministry of Basic Education, UNICEF equipped 1,273 elementary school teachers in Psychosocial Support and Conflict and Disaster Risk Reduction (CDRR) strategies, to support 312 primary schools. More than 105,240 students including 18,174 refugees and 15,094 Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in Mayo-Sava, Mayo-Tsanaga, Diamaré and Logone and Chari are expected to benefit from this training.

North-West/South-West Crisis

In January 2021, UNICEF implementing partners Community Humanitarian Emergency Board International (COHEB) and Mbonweh Women Development Association (MWDA) provided 'narrow-casting'⁵ learning sessions for 6,681 out of school children (including 3,535 girls). Among them, 55 were living with a disability. This included basic math, language and COVID-19 prevention messages in the South-West region.

Child Protection

NSAGs' violence – Lake Chad Basin

In January 2021, UNICEF's implementing partners, Action Locale pour un Développement Participatif et Autogéré (ALDEPA), CLiRA, CODAS Caritas, Cooperazione Internazionale (COOPI) and International Medical Corps (IMC) ensured the provision of essential Child Protection services to conflict-affected children (IDPs, refugee and host community children). CLiRA provided psychosocial support (PSS) to 377 newly identified children (194 girls and 183 boys). In addition, 19 adolescent girls who survived Gender-Based Violence (sexual exploitation, teenage pregnancy, child marriage) were identified within their communities and 23 (10 girls and 14 boys) vulnerable children were identified in school. They all benefited from individual in-depth psychosocial individual counselling.

North-West/South-West Crisis

In January 2021, UNICEF's implementing partners LUKMEF, Street Child, Reach Out and SUDHASER provided case management services to 221 conflict-affected children (113 girls and 108 boys). Among them, 25 were referred for specialized services through the CP AoR Referral Pathways. Additionally, 120 parents and caregivers (84 women, 36 men) benefitted from alternative care and positive parenting training. To strengthen community-based child protection, 30 community members (11 women and 19 men) were equipped to identify, prevent and respond to child protection concerns in their communities. All participants at the two trainings were sensitized on COVID-19 preventive measures as well as GBV issues.

Communication for development (C4D)

North-West/South-West Crisis

In partnership with the South-West Regional Delegation of Public Health, an advocacy meeting was organized and chaired by the Governor of the South-West region in Buea on the 26th of January 2021 where 66 administrative authorities, religious and community leaders were engaged on RCCE activities for the fight against the spread of COVID-19. The South-West Call Centre for the toll-free number 1510 recorded 928 feedback calls in the month of January.

East and Adamawa Regions (refugee and host community response)

Nutrition

In the North, Adamawa and East regions, UNICEF implementing partners Action contre la Faim (ACF), African Humanitarian Action (AHA), Hellen Keller International (HKI), the Association d'Assistance au Développement (ASAD) and the Organisation des Femmes pour la Sécurité Alimentaire et le Développement (OFSAD) and the Regional Public Health Delegation supported 89 percent of health centres (531) to provide nutrition interventions. Nutrition supplies were provided (RUTF, therapeutic milk, essential drugs) for children with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) along with WASH kits to ease access to treatment. With its community-based prevention of malnutrition 130 severely acute malnourished children aged 6 to 59 months including 20 Central African Refugee children were screened and admitted in these UNICEF-supported health centres for treatment. Also, 12,283 caregivers were sensitised on Infant, Young Child Feeding Practices integrating COVID-19 specific messages.

⁵ Narrowcasting is defined as the dissemination of information (usually via Internet, radio, newspaper, or television) to a narrow audience; not to the broader public at-large.

Health

In response to the declared measles epidemic in 14 out of the 23 health districts of the Adamawa and East regions, UNICEF sensitised 150,118 persons on the importance of immunization and vaccinated 56,978 children 9 months to 9 years in both regions against measles and rubella.

WASH

In January 2021, UNHCR and UNICEF's implementing partner ADRA distributed 409 WASH kits (buckets with lid, jerry can, cups, kettle, soap and aquatabs tablets) to 1,235 new CAR refugees transferred on Gado refugee site.

Education

In January 2021, 95 classrooms and 43 latrine cabins were completed and handed over to the Government. The Ministry of Secondary Education, supported technically and financially by UNICEF and Global Partnership for Education equipped 180 teachers (64 women) on psychosocial support and school-based risk mitigation, to equip schools with the capacity to function despite the pandemic and despite population influx. This training is expected to benefit 40,353 secondary school students (20,512 girls). UNICEF's implementing partner ADRA, carried out community mobilization and sensitization exercises in Gado site (Garoua Boulai sub-division) reaching 6,000 (3060 girls and women) new refugees with messages on the importance of education, peace and social cohesion, and on the respect of COVID-19 barrier measures of the newly arrived in the host schools.

Child Protection

In January 2021, UNICEF's implementing partners International Medical Corps (IMC), Association Main Solidaire (AMS), and the Regional Delegation of the Ministry of Social Affairs provided community-based psychosocial support to 771 children (334 girls and 437 boys) out of which 13 were children living with a disability. ALDEPA provided protection services to new CAR refugee in Gado site and Sarambi (artisanal gold mine site in Bétaré Oya council) reaching 396 children (213 girls and 183 boys) including 5 children living with a disability and 2 caregivers. They benefitted from psychosocial activities through listening and counselling sessions, recreational activities, painting, and educational talks in Child Friendly Spaces (CFSs). A total of 60 separated children were identified, and the documentation is ongoing out of which 0 separated children were victims of neglect and received psychosocial support. Counselling sessions were also conducted with their caregivers. The identification of 15 other children in CFSs with psychosocial difficulties were documented. They all received targeted psychosocial support from social workers.

A total of 20 adolescents (12 girls and 8 boys) that are survivors or at risk of gender-based violence benefitted from psychosocial support including referral to apprenticeships. Also, two women who were survivors of physical assault were identified, and their cases are being followed up. In Garoua Boulai, community-based child protection mechanisms (CBCPMs) identified 64 children at risk or victims of violence and exploitation (24 girls and 40 boys including 6 children with disabilities), 60 referrals were made to appropriate services.

Local Village Chiefs deposited 131 birth declarations in civil registration centres in Bétaré Oya, Garoua Boulai, Mandjou and Djohong, and collected and distributed 72 birth certificates (39 girls and 33 boys).

In Garoua Boulai, Betare Oya and Djohong 684 parents (328 women and 356 men) were sensitized on positive parenting techniques. A total of 800 parents are involved in the whole positive parenting program comprised of 2-hours/week educational talks, home visits, peer support group and income generating activities. The program was launched in mid-January for 3 months in close coordination with the authorities and Ministry of Women's Empowerment and Family.

Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination, Strategy and Partnerships

The Humanitarian/Resident Coordinator leads the overall humanitarian coordination, supported by UN OCHA. At the national level, UNICEF and the Government are co-leading the Nutrition, WASH and Education sectors, as well as the sub-sectoral group for Child Protection. In the Far-North region, OCHA leads inter-sector coordination for out-of-camp refugees, IDPs and host communities, while UNHCR oversees coordination for refugee response in the regions of the East and Adamawa North and Far-North. In response to the crisis in the North-West and South-West regions, clusters have been activated and UNICEF leads for the WASH, Nutrition and Education clusters and the Child Protection Area of Responsibility.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak UNICEF co-leads with the government the joint pillar on Risk Communications and Community Engagement.⁶ The Strategic Council presided by the Ministry of Public Health leads the strategic coordination of the COVID-19 response. Its decisions are guided by a Scientific Committee. The Incident Management System also lead the national and decentralised response. These instances organise the response around those eight pillars : coordination, investigation, laboratory testing, surveillance, entry points, case management, RCCE and logistics.

The COVID-19 national plan for 2021 revolves around three strategic objectives: reduction of coronavirus transmissions, curve associated morbidity and mortality, and mitigate the health and socio-economic impacts on the population. The national COVID-19 response planning for 2021 shifted to a more integrated approach within national development and service structures, especially to accommodate the roll out of a COVAX vaccination.

To respond to the complex and increasing humanitarian needs of children and women in Cameroon, UNICEF's 2021 HAC will prioritise 1) mainstreaming of COVID-19 barrier measures and response through all its interventions 2) emphasizing needs-based assessment and needs-based resource mobilization with supported by data investments for evidence, targeting and advocacy, including by documenting the impact of conflict on children 3) strengthening gender transformative programming for humanitarian response for children 4) supporting predictable partnerships with national and international non-governmental organizations, capacities for compliance, technical training and quality monitoring, including third-party monitoring. 5) Stronger articulation between humanitarian and development interventions.

Communication

In January 2021, communication and advocacy products focused on COVID-19, condemnation of [suicide attacks in the Far-North](#) and coverage of the [new CAR refugee arrivals](#).

Next SitRep: February 2021

UNICEF Cameroon: <https://www.unicef.org/infobycountry/cameroon.html>

UNICEF Cameroon Facebook: www.facebook.com/unicefcameroon

UNICEF Cameroon Humanitarian Action for Children Appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>

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Annex A

Summary of Programme Results

A. National Response Overview Results: includes 1) Boko Haram Violence (Lake Chad Basin Crisis); 2) North-West and South-West Crisis; and 3) CAR Refugee Situation

Indicators	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs Response			Cluster/Sector Response		
		2021 target	Total results	Change since last report ▲▼	2021 target	Total results*	Change since last report ▲▼
Nutrition							
Number of children aged 6-59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment	94,967	78,527	328	328	76,620	294	294
Number of caregivers of children reached with IYCF counselling	1,440,000	745,000	27,648	27,648	920,000	27,648	27,648
Number of children aged 6-59 months who received two annual doses of Vitamin A supplementation	3,520,000	3,168,000	0	0	3,520,000		
Health							
Number of children aged 6-59 months vaccinated against measles		180,425	6,935	5,080			
Number of families / households that have received 1 LLINs		128,496	730	730			
Number of people provided with anti-malaria drugs		54,450	0	0			
Number of children aged 0 - 59 months provided with essential drugs for acute respiratory infections		18,962	0	0			
Number of children aged 0 -59 months provided with essential drugs for diarrhoea		22,755	0	0			
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with Vitamin A		68,893	12,431	8,929			
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with deworming tablet		53,361	0	0			
Number of PLW provided with maternal care kits		5,110	0	0			
Number of caregivers provided with new-born kits		5,110	0	0			
Number of children 0 - 11 months that received required vaccines via routine immunization		42,376	20,454	15,307			
WASH							
Number of affected people with a sustainable access to safe drinking water to address their vulnerabilities	1,301,246	160,000	4,650	4,650	595,354	16,845	9,872
Number of affected people with an access to adequate basic sanitation to meet their vulnerabilities	910,682	156,000	0	0	584,049	9,738	1,773
Number of people provided with WASH kits	1,588,798	400,000	1,245	0	1,161,704	27,705	11,702

Child Protection							
Number of children [and caregivers] accessing mental health and psychosocial support (M/F)	1,037,384	340,118	2,855	1,091	571,171	10,658	9,047
Number of women, girls and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation, prevention or response interventions	726,168	175,413	6,508	4,177	399,820	5,792	5,772
Number of people with access to safe channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse	1,037,384	340,118	0	0	571,171	0	0
Number of unaccompanied and separated children accessing family-based care or a suitable alternative (SC/UAC, M/F)	13,500	3,550	65	5	6,000	112	30
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (M/F)	3,500	900	0	0	1,800	0	0
Number of crisis-affected children provided with a birth certificate (M/F)	23,000	10,540	0	0	20,900	0	0
Number of children associated with armed groups (including children released from detention and/or suspected of association) provided with temporary care or family/community-based reintegration support (M/F)	200	150	0	0	200	0	0
Education							
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis accessing to quality formal or non-formal basic education	856,000	456,000	6,681	6,251	400,000	37,603	37,603
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	856,000	306,000	0	0	550,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support and/or conflict and disaster risk reduction	968,000	668,000	182,762	37,169	300,000	432,754	242,401
Number of boys and girls who reportedly listen to at least 50% of the radio education program	900,000	20,000	6,681	0	20,000	8,420	1,739
Number of victims of attacks on education receiving assistance (CP/Health/ MHPSS/Disability, etc, on a case by case basis)	1,000	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0
Communication for Development							
Number of people reached with key lifesaving & behaviour change messages on Essential Family Practices (EFPs)		399,000	1,571,709	1,571,709			
Number of people reached by mechanisms to voice their needs/concerns		343,000	6,979	6,979			
Social Policy and Cash Transfers							
Number of households reached with multi-sector cash transfers		4,000					

1. NSAGs violence (Lake Chad Basin Crisis)

Indicators	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs Response			Cluster/Sector Response		
		2021 target	Total results	Change since last report ▲▼	2021 target	Total results*	Change since last report ▲▼
Nutrition							
Number of children aged 6-59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment	49,531	44,578	149	149	43,620	135	135
Number of caregivers of children reached with IYCF counselling	200,000	140,000	13,076	13,076	130,000	13,076	13,076
Number of children aged 6-59 months who received two annual doses of Vitamin A supplementation	1,300,000	1,170,000	0	0	1,300,000	0	0
Health							
Number of children aged 6-59 months vaccinated against measles		40,563	0	0			
Number of families / households that have received 1 LLINs		33,973	0	0			
Number of people provided with anti-malaria drugs							
Number of children aged 0 - 59 months provided with essential drugs for acute respiratory infections							
Number of children aged 0 -59 months provided with essential drugs for diarrhoea							
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with Vitamin A							
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with deworming tablet							
Number of PLW provided with maternal care kits							
Number of caregivers provided with new-born kits							
Number of children 0 - 11 months that received required vaccines via routine immunization							
WASH							
Number of affected people with a sustainable access to safe drinking water to address their vulnerabilities	534,329	60,000	0	0	188,190	4,000	4,000
Number of affected people with an access to adequate basic sanitation to meet their vulnerabilities	130,850	44,000	0	0	104,680	7,200	7,200
Number of people provided with WASH kits	645,067	150,000	0	0	354,787	0	0
Child Protection							
Number of children [and caregivers] accessing mental health and psychosocial support (M/F)	284,994	99,748	376	376	199,495	1,611	1,611
Number of women, girls and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation,	199,495	69,824	19	19	139,647	20	20

prevention or response interventions							
Number of people with access to safe channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse	284,994	99,748	0	0	199,495	0	0
Number of unaccompanied and separated children accessing family-based care or a suitable alternative (SC/UAC, M/F)	2,500	1,250	0	0	2,500	82	82
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (M/F)	1,800	900	0	0	1,800	0	0
Number of crisis-affected children provided with a birth certificate (M/F)	20,000	10,000	0	0	20,000	0	0
Number of children associated with armed groups (including children released from detention and/or suspected of association) provided with temporary care or family/community-based reintegration support (M/F)	200	150	0	0	200	0	0
Education							
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis accessing to quality formal or non-formal basic education	388,000	188,000	0	0	200,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	388,000	138,000	0	0	250,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support and/or conflict and disaster risk reduction	500,000	350,000	105,240	105,240	150,000	150,000	150,000
Number of boys and girls who reportedly listen to at least 50% of the radio education program							
Number of victims of attacks on education receiving assistance (CP/Health/ MHPSS/Disability, etc, on a case by case basis)							
Communication for Development							
Number of people reached with key lifesaving & behaviour change messages on Essential Family Practices (EFPs) ⁷		156,000	1,155,459	1,155,459			
Number of people reached by mechanisms to voice their needs/concerns		100,000	5,985	5,985			

⁷ RCCE results were overachieved through non-HAC funding sources, COVID-19 and Peacebuilding Fund funding.

2. North-West and South-West Crisis

Indicators	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs Response			Cluster/Sector Response		
		2021 target	Total results	Change since last report ▲▼	2021 target	Total results*	Change since last report ▲▼
Nutrition							
Number of children aged 6-59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment	8,000	4,000	49	49	4,000	49	49
Number of caregivers of children reached with IYCF counselling	1,000,000	400,000	2,289	2,289	600,000	2,289	2,289
Number of children aged 6-59 months who received two annual doses of Vitamin A supplementation	690,000	621,000	0	0	690,000	0	0
Health							
Number of children aged 6-59 months vaccinated against measles		85,000	1,855	1,855			
Number of families / households that have received 1 LLINs		38,115	0	0			
Number of people provided with anti-malaria drugs		54,450	0	0			
Number of children aged 0 - 59 months provided with essential drugs for acute respiratory infections		18,962	0	0			
Number of children aged 0 -59 months provided with essential drugs for diarrhoea		22,755	0	0			
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with Vitamin A		53,361	3,502	3,502			
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with deworming tablet		53,361	0	0			
Number of PLW provided with maternal care kits		5,110	0	0			
Number of caregivers provided with new-born kits		5,110	0	0			
Number of children 0 - 11 months that received required vaccines via routine immunization		38,333	5,147	5,147			
WASH							
Number of affected people with a sustainable access to safe drinking water to address their vulnerabilities	687,900	70,000	0	0	343,950	2,973	2,973
Number of affected people with an access to adequate basic sanitation to meet their vulnerabilities	741,599	100,000	0	0	444,959	765	765
Number of people provided with WASH kits	864,714	210,000	0	0	735,801	14,758	14,758
Child Protection							
Number of children [and caregivers] accessing mental health and psychosocial support (M/F)	621,393	212,770	221	221	321,676		0
Number of women, girls and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation, prevention or response interventions	434,975	86,269	0	0	225,173		0

Number of people with access to safe channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse	621,393	212,770	0	0	321,676		0
Number of unaccompanied and separated children accessing family-based care or a suitable alternative (SC/UAC, M/F)	10,000	1,800	0	0	3,000		0
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (M/F)	1,700	300	0		500		
Number of crisis-affected children provided with a birth certificate (M/F)	3,000	540	0	0	900		0
Number of children associated with armed groups (including children released from detention and/or suspected of association) provided with temporary care or family/community-based reintegration support (M/F)							
Education							
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis accessing to quality formal or non-formal basic education	228,000	128,000	0	0	100,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	228,000	78,000	0	0	150,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support and/or conflict and disaster risk reduction	228,000	178,000	0	0	50,000	0	0
Number of boys and girls who reportedly listen to at least 50% of the radio education program	900,000	20,000	6,681	6,681	20,000	6,681	6,681
Number of victims of attacks on education receiving assistance (CP/Health/ MHPSS/Disability, etc, on a case by case basis)	1,000	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0
Communication for Development							
Number of people reached with key lifesaving & behaviour change messages on Essential Family Practices (EFPs) ⁸		143,000	410,000	410,000			
Number of people reached by mechanisms to voice their needs/concerns		143,000	994	994			

⁸ RCCE results were overachieved through non-HAC funding sources, COVID-19 and Peacebuilding Fund funding.

3. CAR Refugee Situation

Indicators	Overall needs	UNICEF and IPs Response			Cluster/Sector Response		
		2021 target	Total results	Change since last report ▲▼	2021 target	Total results*	Change since last report ▲▼
Nutrition							
Number of children aged 6-59 months affected by SAM admitted for treatment	37,436	29,949	130	130	29,000	110	110
Number of caregivers of children reached with IYCF counselling	240,000	205,000	12,283	12,283	190,000	12,283	12,283
Number of children aged 6-59 months who received two annual doses of Vitamin A supplementation	1,530,000	1,377,000	0	0	1,530,000	0	0
Health							
Number of children aged 6-59 months vaccinated against measles		54,862	0	0			
Number of families / households that have received 1 LLINs		56,408	0	0			
Number of people provided with anti-malaria drugs							
Number of children aged 0 - 59 months provided with essential drugs for acute respiratory infections							
Number of children aged 0 -59 months provided with essential drugs for diarrhoea							
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with Vitamin A		15,532	0	0			
Number of children aged 6 - 59 months provided with deworming tablet							
Number of PLW provided with maternal care kits							
Number of caregivers provided with new-born kits							
Number of children 0 - 11 months that received required vaccines via routine immunization		4,043	0	0			
WASH							
Number of affected people with a sustainable access to safe drinking water to address their vulnerabilities	79,017	30,000		0	63,214		0
Number of affected people with an access to adequate basic sanitation to meet their vulnerabilities	38,232	12,000		0	34,409		0
Number of people provided with WASH kits	79,017	40,000	1,245	1,245	71,116	1,245	1,245
Child Protection							
Number of children [and caregivers] accessing mental health and psychosocial support (M/F)	130,997	27,600	1,167	1,167	50,000		0
Number of women, girls and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation,	91,698	19,320	2,312	2,312	35,000		

prevention or response interventions							
Number of people with access to safe channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse	130,997	27,600		0	50,000		
Number of unaccompanied and separated children accessing family-based care or a suitable alternative (SC/UAC, M/F)	1,000	500	60		500		
Number of Unaccompanied Children reunified with families (M/F)							
Number of crisis-affected children provided with a birth certificate (M/F)							
Number of children associated with armed groups (including children released from detention and/or suspected of association) provided with temporary care or family/community-based reintegration support (M/F)							
Education							
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis accessing to quality formal or non-formal basic education	240,000	140,000	430	430	100,000		0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17 years) affected by crisis receiving learning materials	240,000	90,000	0	0	150,000		0
Number of boys and girls (3 to 17) affected by crisis attending education in a classroom where the teacher has been trained in psychosocial support and/or conflict and disaster risk reduction	240,000	140,000	40,353	40,353	100,000	40,353	40,353
Number of boys and girls who reportedly listen to at least 50% of the radio education program							
Number of victims of attacks on education receiving assistance (CP/Health/ MHPSS/Disability, etc, on a case by case basis)							
Communication for Development							
Number of people reached with key lifesaving & behaviour change messages on Essential Family Practices (EFPs)		100,000	6,250				
Number of people reached by mechanisms to voice their needs/concerns		100,000					

Annex B

Funding Status*

Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available				Total available	Funding gap	
		Funds Received Current Year	Other ORE Received Current Year	Carry-Over	Other ORE Carry-Over		\$	%
Nutrition	16,620,000					0	16,620,000	100%
Health / HIV	13,435,000	330,000		586,155	124,945	1,041,100	13,310,055	99%
WASH	16,848,000			1,178,004		1,178,004	16,848,000	100%
Child Protection	13,807,000	650,000		869,397		1,519,397	13,807,000	100%
Education	14,035,000			3,093,168	140,838	3,234,006	13,894,162	99%
Social Protection and Cash Transfers	3,000,000					0		
C4D	3,829,000			10,000		10,000	3,829,000	100%
Emergency Preparedness and Response	1,500,000	20,000		3,735,113		3,755,113	1,500,000	100%
Total	83,074,000	1,000,000	0	9,471,837	265,783	10,737,620	72,336,380	87%

* As defined in Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC) appeal for 2021 period of 12 months.